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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

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DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

CUMBERLAND GAP HISTORIC DISTRICT - VIRGINIA

This area comprises that portion of the Cumberland Gap vicinity which lies in Virginia and is within the boundaries of Cumberland Gap National Historical Park. Cumberland Gap is a notch in a narrow section of Cumberland Mountain, part of the Allegheny chain at the southwestern tip of Virginia. The Gap is a result of a block fault running perpendicular to the axis of the mountain. The ridge of the mountain runs generally from northeast to southwest, and the Gap is delineated by two peaks: to the northeast is the Pinnacle, and to the southwest is Tri-State Peak, where the states of Virginia, Kentucky, and Tennessee meet. A natural passage through the Gap runs generally from the southeast to the northwest, starting up the mountain in Virginia at 1350 feet, entering Kentucky at the "saddle of the Gap", elevation 1650, and descending to 1150 feet at the western base of the mountain. The Pinnacle is 800 feet above the saddle of the Gap at 2440 feet and the Tri-State Point is 1980 feet in elevation. The mountain is covered by a third growth mixed hardwood forest.

The Virginia section extends to the east of the ridge of the mountain forming a 3000 foot long triangle bordered by Tennessee to the south and by Kentucky to the northwest. The district is bisected by U.S. 25-E, a two-lane highway passing through the Gap, owned by the United States but the highway is on a deed easement and not to be included in the historic district.

The district includes 7 historic structures. Excluded from the nomination is the land above the railroad tunnel which includes a 100' right of way that is the property of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. Also, Cudjo's Cave on U.S. 25-E near the Gap is not a part of the nomination as this is under the control of Lincoln Memorial University. Near the Iron Furnace is a home (presently quarters for Park personnel) scheduled to be removed. This house and all appurtenances on approximately a 100' X 150' lot is excluded from the nomination. The home has no historical significance and is an intrustion.

Wilderness Road (G-51 KV)

The Wilderness Road in the Virginia District leads from the Tennessee line up the east slope of the mountain to the saddle of the Gap. Prior to its designation as the Wilderness Road during the eighteenth century westward migration, this route was a buffalo trace used by Indians and occasional white traders and hunters. The path was gradually improved during the later half of the eighteenth century and widened for use by wagons in 1796. An alternate route now obliterated by U.S. 25-E brought the original route into disuse and disrepair. During the Civil War, this route was part of the "Tazewell Road", an unimproved dirt road. The alternate route was macadamized in 1908 bringing all traffic around the original route, which has been a little-used trail and the National Park Service has designated it as an interpretive trail (in 1958).

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8 SIGNIFICANCE

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SPECIFIC DATES

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STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE Cumberland Gap has been for centuries a passageway for man, being the only easily accessible pass through the Allegheny Mountains. It has witnessed the movement of the later of peoples from aboriginal Indians to modern travelers, and has played an important role and in the westward expansion of the United States.

Prior to 1750, the primary users of this pass were Indians. Probably following buffalo paths, these early hunters found the route through the mountains and established a trail between the Tennessee Valley and the rich hunting grounds of Kentucky. Due to competition for game, different tribes began to battle for the right to use this land, and the trail became part of the "Warriors path".

After the discovery of Cumberland Gap by Dr. Thomas Walker in 1750, increasing numbers of white men from the Virginia and the Carolina Colonies passed through Cumberland Gap in search of new land and good hunting, but two wars and the fear of Indian attacks prevented large numbers of permanent settlers from going west before 1790. In the interim, men like Daniel Boone made the area and themselves famous by their long, perilous trips through the Gap into the Kentucky Wilderness. In 1775, Boone blazed a trail from the Holston River in Tennessee through Cumberland Gap to the Kentucky River, giving the route the name of "Boone's Trace".

During the 1790's a mass of immigrants passed through Cumberland Cap into Kentucky at the rate of nearly 100 per day. These people were lured to the cheap lands to the west, and began pouring through the Gap as soon as western travel seemed safe. But the Gap's gained importance began to decline as more people used the easier route through the Ohio Valley. Westward travel through the Gap nearly ceased by 1800. During the decade of heavy use, the trail through the mountains was known as "The Wilderness Road".

Through the nineteenth century, Cumberland Gap was a locally important commercial passage, used by stockmen and merchants more than immigrants. Only during the Civil War did the Gap again come to national prominence. Judged an important strategic pass by both sides, it was strongly fortified and held alternately by the Union and Confederate Armies, but never was the scene of a major battle. Since the Civil War, Cumberland Gap has continued to serve as a passage, though part of the Wilderness Road which gave it its original importance has been obliterated. The road has been improved, graded and widened continually during this century, as Cumberland Gap has continued its function as a passageway for man.

U. S. Highway 25-E and other modern conveniences has caused the Gap to lose some of its historical flavor, but it is still the scene of one of the great migrations to the west. Loss of the Gap and its remaining historic structures would mean the loss of an area that effectively tells of the great trans-allegheny migration of 1775-1800.

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET Description

ITEM NUMBER 7

PAGE 2

The present remains of the Civil War Tazewell Road consist of a 2700-foot section running from the Iron Furnace, near the Tennessee line, through two switch-backs to a point near the Saddle of The Gap, where the road has been obliterated by road fill from U.S. 25E. The road is now maintained as a park trail. Although this road can be identified with certainty as the Civil War Tazewell Road only, it is probably that it followed the general route of the Wilderness Road as it climbed the same hillside.

Significance: 1st Order

UTM Grid Coordinates: Point A: 17/261300/4053670

Point B: 17/261050/4053820 Point C: 17/261190/4053860 Point D: 17/260880/4054020

Acreage: 0.62 Acre

Recommended treatment: Restoration of wagon path Preliminary cost estimate for the above: \$100,000

Photographs enclosed

2. Iron Furnace

This structure was used during the nineteenth century as a charcoal blast furnace for smelting iron. Probably built between 1813 and 1835 by Martin Beaty, it was operated intermittently until about 1881, by a number of people including John G. Newlee for whom the foundry was named at the end of the century. The foundry and buildings were used for ammunition storage for a part of the Civil War. This foundry is considered one of the last examples of a cold-blast charcoal furnace.

The furnace is located at the base of Cumberland Mountain, next to Gap Creek near Cumberland Gap, Tennessee, at an elevation of 1350 feet. In 1870, the foundry group consisted of the blast furnace itself, a 25' x 26', 35'-high limestone chimney lined with firebrick; a casting shed, a 15' x 20' single story frame building connected to the south; a $2\frac{1}{2}$ -story, 30' x 45' storehouse to the north, with a 30' overshot water wheel to power the blast machinery; and a fleming mill detached from the complex nearby. Presently the site includes the 30' remains of the blast furnace, a grass-covered slag pile, a large stone with drill-holes for splitting it, and a portion of a flume, cut to channel Gap Creek around the foundry.

Significance: 3rd Order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/261290/4053760

Acreage: 0.54 Acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation

Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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CONTINUATION SHEET Description

ITEM NUMBER

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3. Battery # 3 (G-64)

This structure is one of fifteen Civil War defensive positions identified by Captain Sydney Lyon in 1862. Three of these structures have been obliterated, six are in the state of Kentucky, and three are outside the Park boundary in the state of Tennessee. These defenses were constructed by both the Confederate and Union Armies who alternately occupied the Gap during the Civil War in an effort to block enemy movement through the mountain pass. Battery # 3 is one of seven numbered batteries constructed by the Union Seventh Division under the command of General George W. Morgan in 1862. It was designed for placement of either small cannon or riflemen, and is located at the base of Cumberland Mountain, near the Wilderness Road, at an elevation of 1350 feet. Originally the Battery consisted of an angled earthen wall with sod-covered parapets, two protruding "embrasures", and a powder magazine. The structure measured 70' x 56' and was $13\frac{1}{2}$ ' deep. Presently there exists an elongated mound, split by a drainage and overgrown with pine trees.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/261190/4053760

Acreage: 0.08 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site. Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

4. Battery # 5 (G-65)

Constructed by the Union Army in 1862, this site was used for placement of cannon or rifle defenses. It is located in the Gap near Soldier's (Cudjo's) Cave at an elevation of 1670 feet. Originally it was a linear trench lined with logs and outfitted with three embrasures. The site measured 36' x 70', and 8' deep, with 20' long embrasures. The remains consist of two small mounds and a pile of stones.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/261400/4053980

Acreage: 0.06 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site. Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

5. Battery # 6 (G-66)

This battery was constructed in 1862 by the Union Army for cannon or rifle defenses. It is located below the saddle of the Gap by the Wilderness Road Trail at an elevation

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of 1560 feet. It was originally a rectangular pit, 120' X 70', with six log embrasures. Now a portion of one of the berm sides remains.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/260920/4053980

Acreage: 0.19 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

6. Fort Farragut Road (G-62 KVT)

This wagon road was built during the Civil War to provide service to the defensive positions. It led from near the saddle of the Gap, up Tri-State Peak, to Forts Foote and Farragut in Kentucky. It was probably used as a trail until 1958 when the Park roads were built. A portion of this road has been incorporated into the Park's Tri-State Trail. The Virginia section runs about 1,000 feet along the east side of Tri-State Peak. It follows the Park trail for about 200 feet as it climbs the mountain, then runs below the trail until both roads meet at the Tri-State Marker. The remains are overgrown but structurally intact.

Significance: 3rd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: Point A: 17/260760/4053960

Point B: 17/260700/4053760

Acreage: 0.23 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost extimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

7. Battery # 7 Road (G-67)

This Civil War service road ran south from the saddle of the Gap along the east side of Tri-State Peak into Tennessee, where it bifurcated and led to Batteries # 2 and # 7. After the Civil War, this road probably went into disuse. The Virginia section is 1200 feet long and is in good condition, though overgrown.

Significance: 3rd order

17/260840/4054000 UTM Grid Coordinates: Point A:

Point B: 17/270840/4053690

Acreage: 0.28 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES PROPERTY PHOTOGRAPH FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- ENCLOSE WITH PHOTOGRAPH

NAME

HISTORIC

Wilderness Road (G-51 KV)

AND/OR COMMON

Same

LOCATION

CITY, TOWN

VICINITY OF Gibson Station COLINTY

STATE

Lee Virginia

PHOTO REFERENCE

PHOTO CREDIT National Park Service NEGATIVE FILED AT

DATE OF PHOTO

November 1975

Cumberland Gap National Historical Park

IDENTIFICATION

DESCRIBE VIEW, DIRECTION, ETC. IF DISTRICT, GIVE BUILDING NAME & STREET View of trail, facing west near Iron Furnace

PHOTO NO.

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NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES PROPERTY PHOTOGRAPH FORM

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- ENCLOSE WITH PHOTOGRAPH

NAME

HISTORIC Newley Iron Works

AND/OR COMMON Iron Furnace (G-63)

LOCATION

CITY, TOWN

VICINITY OF Gibson Station,

COUNTY

Lee

STATE

Virginia

PHOTO REFERENCE

PHOTO CREDIT National Park Service DATE OF PHOTO December 1956

NEGATIVE FILED AT Cumberland Gap National Historical Park

IDENTIFICATION

FACING EAST ACROSS GAP CREEK

PHOTO NO. 1241

DIGENIEW DIRECTION, ETC. IF DISTRICT, GIVE BUILDING NAME & STREET



CUMBERLAND GAP HISTORIC DISTRICTS CUMBERLAND GAP NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK

<u>G-51KV</u>	Wilderness Road	G-60	Harlan Road Fort McCook-Fort Lyon Road
G-52	Fort Foote	G-61	
G-53	Fort Lyon	<u> </u>	Fort Farragut Road
G-54	Fort McCook	<u>G-63</u>	Iron Furnace
G-55	Fort Farragut	<u>G-64</u>	Battery #3
G-56	Fort Edgar	<u>G-65</u>	Battery #5
G-57	Fort McRae	G-66	Battery #6
G-58	Morgans' Commissary	G-67	Battery #7 Road
G-59	Union Powder Magazine		

